

INTELLIA THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Fourth Amended & Restated Audit Committee Charter

A. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purposes of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors (the “Audit Committee”) of Intellia Therapeutics, Inc. (the “Company”) are to:

- a. oversee the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company and the audits of the Company’s financial statements;
- b. oversee the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting, including the Company’s internal audit function, if any;
- c. oversee the Company’s compliance with laws and regulations, including the Company’s ethical standards; and
- d. take, or recommend that the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board”) take, appropriate action to oversee the qualifications, independence and performance of the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm (“independent auditors”).

The Audit Committee’s principal responsibility is one of oversight. The Company’s management has responsibility for the Company’s financial statements and disclosures.

B. COMPOSITION AND MEETINGS

1. Independence of Audit Committee Members. The Audit Committee shall consist of at least three (3) directors, each of whom must (a) be “independent” as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of the Listing Rules of The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (the “Nasdaq Rules”); (b) meet the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) promulgated under Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), subject to the exemptions provided in Rule 10A-3(c) under the Exchange Act; and (c) not have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or a current subsidiary of the Company at any time during the past three (3) years.
2. Non-Independent Audit Committee Member for Exceptional and Limited Circumstances. Notwithstanding the foregoing, one (1) director who (a) is not “independent” as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of the Nasdaq Rules; (b) satisfies the criteria for independence set forth in Section 10A(m)(3) of the Exchange Act and the rules thereunder; and (c) is not a current officer or employee of the Company, or a “Family Member” (as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of the Nasdaq Rules) of such officer or employee, may be appointed to the Audit Committee, if the Board, under exceptional and limited circumstances, determines that membership on the

Audit Committee by the individual is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders, and the Board discloses, in the next annual proxy statement subsequent to such determination (or, if the Company does not file a proxy statement, in its next Annual Report on Form 10-K), the nature of the relationship and the reasons for that determination. A director appointed under the exception in this Section B(2) may not serve on the Audit Committee for more than two (2) years and may not chair the Audit Committee.

3. Financial Expertise of Audit Committee Members. Each member of the Audit Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a company's balance sheet, statement of operations, and statement of cash flows. At least one (1) member of the Audit Committee shall have past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in significant financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities. The Audit Committee shall work with the Board to endeavor that at least one (1) member of the Audit Committee qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" under the rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including Item 407(d)(5) of Regulation S-K (or any successor to such rule).
4. Appointment and Removal. The members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed annually by the Board and may be replaced or removed by the Board with or without cause. Resignation or removal of a director from the Board, for whatever reason, shall automatically, and without any further action, constitute resignation or removal, as applicable, from the Audit Committee. Any vacancy on the Audit Committee, occurring for whatever reason, may be filled only by the Board. The Board shall designate one (1) member of the Audit Committee to be its chairperson (the "Chair").
5. Meetings. The Audit Committee shall meet as often as it determines is appropriate to carry out its responsibilities under this Charter, but not less frequently than quarterly. The Audit Committee's meetings may be in person or by telephone conference or other communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. A majority of the members of the Audit Committee shall constitute a quorum for purposes of holding a meeting, and the Audit Committee may act by a vote of a majority of the members present at such meeting. In lieu of a meeting, the Audit Committee may act by unanimous written consent.

C. COMPENSATION

A member of the Audit Committee may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the Audit Committee, the Board or any other committee established by the Board, receive directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company. A member of the Audit Committee may receive additional directors' fees to compensate such

member for the significant time and effort expended by such member to fulfill his or her duties as an Audit Committee member.

D. RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITY

1. Review of Charter

- a. The Audit Committee shall review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and submit any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- b. The Audit Committee shall review and assess the annual performance of the Audit Committee, and report to the Board such assessment and any necessary recommendations.

2. Matters Relating to Selection, Performance and Independence of Independent Auditors

- a. The Audit Committee shall be directly responsible for the appointment, retention and termination, and for determining the compensation, of the Company's independent auditors engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attestation services for the Company. The Audit Committee may consult with management in fulfilling these duties, but may not delegate these responsibilities to management.
- b. The Audit Committee shall be directly responsible for oversight of the work of the independent auditors (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditors regarding financial reporting) engaged for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attestation services for the Company.
- c. The Audit Committee shall instruct the independent auditors to report directly to the Audit Committee.
- d. The Audit Committee shall pre-approve all auditing services and the terms thereof (which may include providing comfort letters in connection with securities underwritings) and non-audit services (other than non-audit services prohibited under Section 10A(g) of the Exchange Act or the applicable rules of the SEC or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (the "PCAOB")) to be provided to the Company by the independent auditors; provided, however, the pre-approval requirement is waived with respect to the provision of non-audit services for the Company if the "de minimis" provisions of Section 10A(i)(1)(B) of the Exchange Act are satisfied. This authority to pre-approve non-audit services may be delegated to one or more members of the Audit Committee, who shall present all decisions to pre-approve an activity to the full Audit Committee at its first meeting following such decision.
- e. The Audit Committee shall (i) request that the independent auditors provide the Audit Committee with the written disclosures and the letter required by PCAOB

Rule 3526 (“Rule 3526”); (ii) require that the independent auditors submit to the Audit Committee at least annually a formal written statement describing all relationships between the independent auditors or any of its affiliates and the Company or persons in financial reporting oversight roles at the Company that might reasonably be thought to bear on the independence of the independent auditors; (iii) discuss with the independent auditors the potential effects of any disclosed relationships or services on the objectivity and independence of the independent auditors; (iv) require that the independent auditors provide to the Audit Committee written affirmation that the independent auditors are, as of the date of the affirmation, independent in compliance with PCAOB Rule 3520; and (v) based on such disclosures, statement, discussion and affirmation, take or recommend that the Board take appropriate action in response to the independent auditors’ report to satisfy itself of the independent auditors’ independence. In addition, before approving the initial engagement of any independent auditors, the Audit Committee shall receive, review and discuss with the independent auditors all information required by, and otherwise take all actions necessary for compliance with the requirements of, Rule 3526. References to rules of the PCAOB shall be deemed to refer to such rules and any substantially equivalent rules adopted to replace such rules, in each case as subsequently amended, modified or supplemented.

- f. The Audit Committee may consider whether the provision of the services covered in Items 9(e)(2) and 9(e)(3) of Regulation 14A of the Exchange Act (or any successor provision) is compatible with maintaining the independent auditors’ independence.
- g. The Audit Committee shall evaluate the independent auditors’ qualifications, performance and independence, and shall present its conclusions with respect to the independent auditors to the full Board. As part of such evaluation, at least annually, the Audit Committee shall:
 - i. obtain and review a report or reports from the independent auditors describing: (1) the auditors’ internal quality control procedures; (2) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality control review or peer review of the auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by government or professional authorities, within the preceding five (5) years regarding one (1) or more independent audits carried out by the auditors, and any steps taken to address any such issues; and (3) in order to assess the auditors’ independence, all relationships between the independent auditors and the Company;
 - ii. review and evaluate the performance of the independent auditors and their lead partner; and
 - iii. assure the regular rotation of the audit partners (including, without limitation, the lead and concurring partners) as required under the Exchange Act and Regulation S-X.

- h. With respect to the responsibilities under the foregoing subparagraph (g), the Audit Committee shall also (i) seek the opinion of management and the internal auditors, if any, of the independent auditors' performance and (ii) consider whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, there should be regular rotation of the audit firm.
- i. The Audit Committee may establish, or recommend to the Board, policies with respect to the potential hiring of any current or former employees of the independent auditors.

3. Audited Financial Statements and Annual Audit

- a. The Audit Committee shall review and approve the overall audit plan (both internal, if applicable, and external) with the independent auditors and the members of management who are responsible for preparing the Company's financial statements, including the Company's Chief Financial Officer and/or principal accounting officer or principal financial officer (the Chief Financial Officer and such other officer or officers are referred to herein collectively as the "Senior Accounting Executives").
- b. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with management (including the Company's Senior Accounting Executives) and with the independent auditors the Company's annual audited financial statements, including (i) all critical accounting policies and practices used or to be used by the Company, (ii) the Company's disclosures under "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*" prior to the filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, and (iii) any significant financial reporting issues that have arisen in connection with the preparation of such audited financial statements.
- c. The Audit Committee shall review:
 - i. any analyses prepared by management, the internal auditors, if any, and/or the independent auditors setting forth significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") methods on the financial statements. The Audit Committee may consider the ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments on the financial statements, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditors. The Audit Committee may also consider other material written communications between the independent auditors and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences;
 - ii. major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies;

- iii. major issues regarding accounting principles and procedures and financial statement presentations, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles; and
 - iv. the effects of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet transactions and structures, on the financial statements of the Company.
- d. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with the independent auditors (without the presence of management) how the independent auditors plan to handle their responsibilities under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and request assurance from the independent auditors that Section 10A(b) of the Exchange Act has not been implicated.
- e. The Audit Committee shall review and discuss with the independent auditors any audit problems or difficulties and management's response thereto. This review shall include (i) any difficulties encountered by the independent auditors in the course of performing their audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of their activities or their access to information; (ii) any significant disagreements with management; and (iii) a discussion of the responsibilities, budget and staffing of the Company's internal audit function, if any. This review may also include:
- 1) any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditors but were "passed" (as immaterial or otherwise);
 - 2) any communications between the audit team and the audit firm's national office regarding auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement; and
 - 3) any management or internal control letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditors.
- f. The Audit Committee shall discuss with the independent auditors those matters brought to the attention of the Audit Committee by the independent auditors pursuant to PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 1301, *Communications with Audit Committee*, as amended ("AS 1301").
- g. The Audit Committee shall also review and discuss with the independent auditors the report required to be delivered by such auditors pursuant to Section 10A(k) of the Exchange Act.
- h. If any are brought to the attention of the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee shall discuss with the Chief Executive Officer and Senior Accounting Executives of the Company (i) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports

that it files or submits under the Exchange Act, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (ii) any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

- i. Based on the Audit Committee's review and discussions (i) with management of the audited financial statements, (ii) with the independent auditors of the matters required to be discussed by AS 1301, and (iii) with the independent auditors concerning the independent auditors' independence, the Audit Committee shall make a recommendation to the Board as to whether the Company's audited financial statements should be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the last fiscal year.
- j. The Audit Committee shall prepare the Audit Committee report required by Item 407(d) of Regulation S-K promulgated by the SEC (or any successor to such rule) to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

4. Internal Auditors

- a. The Company's internal auditors, if any, shall report to the Audit Committee at least twice per year, including immediately prior to the filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and at such other times as deemed appropriate by the Audit Committee.
- b. At least annually, the Audit Committee shall evaluate the performance, responsibilities, budget and staffing of the Company's internal audit function, if any, and review the internal audit plan. Such evaluation may include a review of the responsibilities, budget and staffing of the Company's internal audit function, if any, with the independent auditors.
- c. In connection with the Audit Committee's evaluation of the Company's internal audit function, if any, the Audit Committee may evaluate the performance of the senior officer or officers responsible for the internal audit function.

5. Unaudited Quarterly Financial Statements

- a. The Audit Committee shall discuss with management and the independent auditors, prior to the filing of the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, (i) the Company's quarterly financial statements and the Company's related disclosures under "*Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*," (ii) such issues as may be brought to the Audit Committee's attention by the independent auditors pursuant to AS 1301 and PCAOB Auditing Standard No. 4105, *Reviews of Interim Financial Information*, and (iii) any significant financial reporting issues that have arisen in connection with the preparation of such financial statements.

6. Earnings Press Releases

- a. The Audit Committee shall discuss the Company's quarterly earnings press releases, as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts, institutional investors, insurance underwriters and any rating agencies, including, in general, the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made.

7. Risk Assessment and Management

- a. The Company's Risk Oversight and Compliance Committee ("ROCC") is responsible for the Company's enterprise risk management program, which includes risks related to legal and regulatory compliance, finance, operations, strategy, information technology and other significant enterprise risks. The ROCC shall report to the Audit Committee regularly as deemed appropriate by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall discuss the guidelines and policies that govern the process by which the Company's exposure to these risks is assessed and managed by the Company's management, including the ROCC, and the steps that the Company's management has taken to monitor, mitigate and control such exposures.
- b. The Audit Committee shall discuss, evaluate and report to the Board regarding the Company's major financial risks and other enterprise risks as it deems appropriate.
- c. The Audit Committee shall discuss directors and officers insurance coverage and other insurance coverage, and such other areas of potential risk exposure and mitigation that the Board deems appropriate.

8. Investment Policy

- a. The Audit Committee shall approve and review annually an investment and cash management policy for the Company's cash and investment assets.

9. Procedures for Addressing Complaints and Concerns

- a. The Audit Committee shall establish procedures for (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters and (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.
- b. The Audit Committee may review and reassess the adequacy of these procedures periodically and adopt any changes to such procedures that the Audit Committee deems necessary or appropriate.

10. Regular Reports to the Board

- a. The Audit Committee shall regularly report to and review with the Board any issues

that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company's financial statements, the Company's compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the performance and independence of the independent auditors, the performance of the internal audit function, if any, and any other matters that the Audit Committee deems appropriate or is requested to review for the benefit of the Board.

11. Internal Controls

- a. The Audit Committee, in consultation with the independent auditors, internal audit, and management, shall review the integrity of the Company's internal and external financial reporting process, including disclosure controls and internal controls over financial reporting.

E. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY

The Audit Committee is authorized, on behalf of the Board, to do any of the following as it deems necessary or appropriate:

1. Engagement of Advisors

- a. The Audit Committee may engage independent consultants, legal counsel, financial advisors and such other advisors it deems necessary or advisable to carry out its responsibilities and powers, and, if such counsel or other advisors are engaged, shall determine the compensation or fees payable to such counsel or other advisors. The Company must provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Audit Committee, for payment of reasonable compensation to any such consultant, legal counsel or other advisor.

2. Legal and Regulatory Compliance

- a. The Audit Committee may discuss with management and the independent auditors, and review with the Board, the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries and the Company's compliance with such requirements. After these discussions, the Audit Committee may, to the extent determines appropriate, make recommendations to the Board with respect to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- b. The Audit Committee may discuss with management legal matters (including pending or threatened litigation) that may have a material effect on the Company's financial statements, or its compliance policies and procedures.
- c. The Audit Committee oversees, reviews and, as necessary, periodically updates the Company's code of business conduct and ethics, and has oversight over the Company's systems that monitor compliance with and enforcement of this code.

3. Conflicts of Interest

- a. The Audit Committee shall conduct an appropriate review of all related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis, and the approval of the Audit Committee shall be required for all such transactions. The Audit Committee may establish such policies and procedures as it deems appropriate to facilitate such review.
- b. The Audit Committee will discuss with the auditors the auditors' evaluation of the Company's identification of, accounting for, and disclosure of its relationships with related parties as set forth under the standards of the PCAOB.

4. General

- a. The Audit Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees consisting of one or more of its members as the Audit Committee deems appropriate to carry out its responsibilities and exercise its powers.
- b. The Audit Committee may perform such other oversight functions outside of its stated purpose as may be requested by the Board from time to time.
- c. In performing its oversight function, the Audit Committee shall be entitled to rely upon advice and information that it receives in its discussions and communications with management, the independent auditors and such experts, advisors and professionals that the Audit Committee may consult.
- d. The Audit Committee is authorized to request that any officer or employee of the Company, the Company's outside legal counsel, the Company's independent auditors or any other professional retained by the Company to render advice to the Company attend a meeting of the Audit Committee or meet with any members of or advisors to the Audit Committee.
- e. The Audit Committee is authorized to incur such ordinary administrative expenses as are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

Notwithstanding the responsibilities and powers of the Audit Committee set forth in this Charter, the Audit Committee does not have the responsibility of planning or conducting audits of the Company's financial statements or determining whether the Company's financial statements are complete, accurate and in accordance with GAAP. Such responsibilities are the duty of management and, to the extent of the independent auditors' audit responsibilities, the independent auditors. In addition, it is not the duty of the Audit Committee to conduct investigations or to ensure compliance with laws and regulations.

Amended and Restated Charter adopted and effective January 23, 2019.

Second Amended and Restated Charter adopted by the Board of Directors and effective June 21, 2023.

Third Amended and Restated Charter adopted by the Board of Directors and effective April 10, 2024.

Fourth Amended and Restated Charter adopted by the Board of Directors and effective April 3, 2025.