Intellia Corporate Overview at 40th Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference

Bill, living with transthyretin amyloidosis, and his wife, Maura

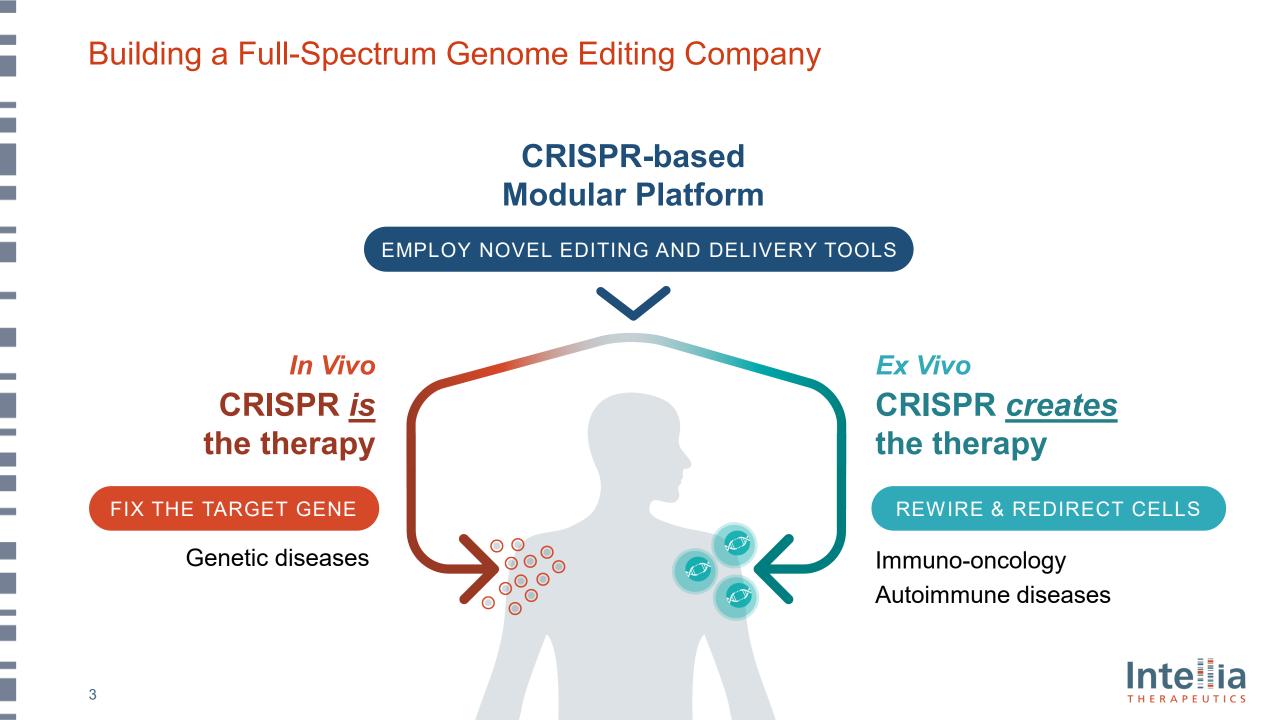
John Leonard, M.D., Chief Executive Officer JANUARY 12, 2022

Intellia Therapeutics' Legal Disclaimer

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" of Intellia Therapeutics, Inc. ("Intellia", "we" or "our") within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, express or implied statements regarding Intellia's beliefs and expectations regarding: the safety, efficacy and advancement of our clinical programs for NTLA-2001 for the treatment of transthyretin amyloidosis, NTLA-2002 for the treatment of hereditary angioedema, and NTLA-5001 for the treatment of acute myeloid leukemia pursuant to its clinical trial applications ("CTA") and IND submissions, including the expected timing of data releases, regulatory filings, and the initiation and completion of clinical trials; the advancement of development candidates including NTLA-3001 for the treatment of alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency (AATD)-associated lung disease; the ability to generate data to initiate clinical trials and the timing of CTA and IND submissions; the expansion of its CRISPR/Cas9 technology and related technologies, including manufacturing and delivery technologies, to advance additional development candidates; the ability to maintain and expand our related intellectual property portfolio, and avoid or acquire rights to valid intellectual property of third parties; the ability to demonstrate our platform's modularity and replicate or apply results achieved in preclinical studies, including those in our NTLA-2001, NTLA-5001, and NTLA-2002 programs, in any future studies, including human clinical trials; the ability to optimize the impact of our collaborations on our development programs, including, but not limited to, our collaboration with Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., including our codevelopment programs for hemophilia A and hemophilia B, our collaboration with Avencell Therapeutics, Inc., and our other announced collaborations; Regeneron's ability to successfully co-develop products in the hemophilia A and B programs, and the potential timing and receipt of future milestones and royalties, or profits, as applicable, based on our license, collaboration and, if applicable, co-development agreements with Regeneron, Novartis Institutes for Biomedical Research, Inc., and other collaborators; the timing of regulatory filings and clinical trial execution, including dosing of patients, regarding our development programs; the potential commercial opportunities, including value and market, for our product candidates; our use of capital and other financial results during 2022; and our ability to fund operations beyond the next 24 months.

Any forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on management's current expectations and beliefs of future events, and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those set forth in or implied by such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to: risks related to our ability to protect and maintain our intellectual property position; risks related to valid third party intellectual property; risks related to our relationship with third parties, including our licensors and licensees; risks related to the ability of our licensors to protect and maintain their intellectual property position; uncertainties related to regulatory agencies' evaluation of regulatory filings and other information related to our product candidates; uncertainties related to the authorization, initiation and conduct of studies and other development requirements for our product candidates; the risk that any one or more of our product candidates, including those that are co-developed, will not be successfully developed and commercialized; the risk that clinical study results will not be positive; the risk that the results of preclinical studies or clinical studies will not be predictive of future results; and the risk that our collaborations with Regeneron or our other collaborations will not continue or will not be successful. For a discussion of these and other risks and uncertainties, and other important factors, any of which could cause Intellia's actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, and other important factors in Intellia's most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in Intellia's other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). All information in this presentation is as of the date of the release, and Intellia undertakes no duty to update this information un







Proprietary CRISPR-based Modular Platform

Editing Tools	Delivery Tools			
CRISPR/Cas9	LNPs			
Base editor	AAVs			
Additional enzymes	Additional modalities			

ENABLES SELECTING THE BEST TOOLS FOR EACH THERAPEUTIC APPLICATION:

Applies to *in vivo* or *ex vivo* application

Capable of achieving any editing strategy

- Precise knockout and targeted insertions
- Multiplicity of edits
- Single nucleotide modifications



In Vivo Leader: First to Demonstrate Systemic CRISPR Gene Editing in Humans



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

August 5, 2021

CRISPR-Cas9 In Vivo Gene Editing for Transthyretin Amyloidosis

Julian D. Gillmore, M.D., Ph.D., Ed Gane, M.B., Ch.B., Jorg Taubel, M.D., Justin Kao, M.B., Ch.B., Marianna Fontana, M.D., Ph.D.,
Michael L. Maitland, M.D., Ph.D., Jessica Seitzer, B.S., Daniel O'Connell, Ph.D., Kathryn R. Walsh, Ph.D., Kristy Wood, Ph.D., Jonathan Phillips, Ph.D., Yuanxin Xu, M.D., Ph.D., Adam Amaral, B.A., Adam P. Boyd, Ph.D.,
Jeffrey E. Cehelsky, M.B.A., Mark D. McKee, M.D., Andrew Schiermeier, Ph.D., Olivier Harari, M.B., B.Chir., Ph.D., Andrew Murphy, Ph.D.,
Christos A. Kyratsous, Ph.D., Brian Zambrowicz, Ph.D., Randy Soltys, Ph.D.,
David Lebwohl, M.D. Science

"CRISPR injected into the blood treats a genetic disease for the first time"



"CRISPR gene-editing 'revolution' treats internal organ for first time"



"It's a wow': New CRISPR gene-editing success holds promise for treating many genetic diseases with a single dose"

nature

"Landmark CRISPR trial shows promise against deadly disease"



<u>2021</u>: Groundbreaking Year for Intellia

In Vivo						
NTLA-2001 ATTR	First-ever clinical data supporting initial safety and efficacy of <i>in vivo</i> CRISPR genome editing in humans					
NTLA-2002 HAE	Ø Dosed first patient with NTLA-2002 in first-in-human study					
New Development Candidates						
Ex Vivo						
NTLA-5001	Initiated patient screening in first-in-human study					
Platform Innovation						
Research and Platform Advancements	 Demonstrated preclinical proof-of-concept for <i>in vivo</i> editing of bone marrow Unveiled proprietary base editor with first preclinical data Highlighted Intellie's differentiated ellogenesis platform compared to 					
	 Highlighted Intellia's differentiated allogeneic platform compared to current approaches 					

2022 and Beyond: Key Expected Milestones

In Vivo						
NTLA-2001 ATTR	 Present additional clinical data from Phase 1 study in ATTRv-PN patients in Q1 2022 Complete enrollment of Phase 1 study for both ATTRv-PN and ATTR-CM in 2022 					
NTLA-2002 HAE	Present interim data from Phase 1/2 study in 2H 2022					
NTLA-3001 AATD	Plan to file an IND or IND-equivalent in 2023					
Ex Vivo						
NTLA-5001	Enroll patients in Phase 1/2a study in 2022					
Platform Innovation						
Research and Platform Advancements	 Advance at least 2 new <i>in vivo</i> development candidates by end of 2022 Nominate first wholly owned allogeneic <i>ex vivo</i> development candidate by 1H 2022 Advance additional novel platform capabilities in 2022 					

THERA

In Vivo CRISPR <u>is</u> the therapy

GENETIC DISEASES

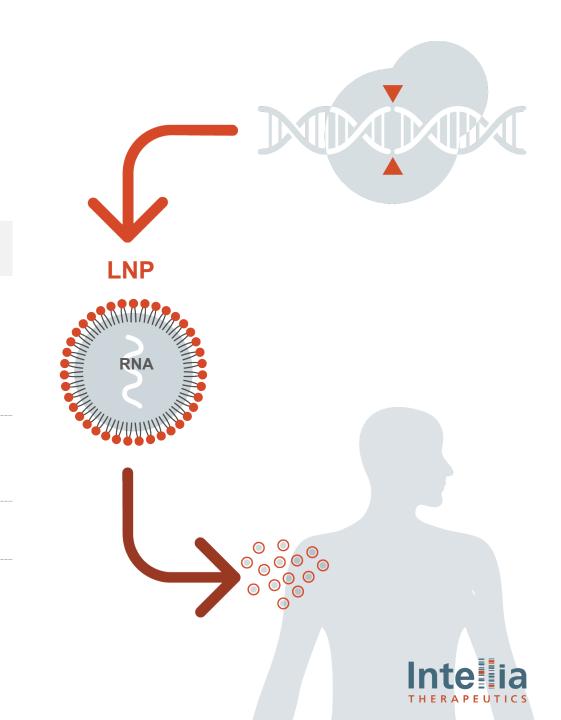
Strategic Advantages:

Potential curative therapy from single dose

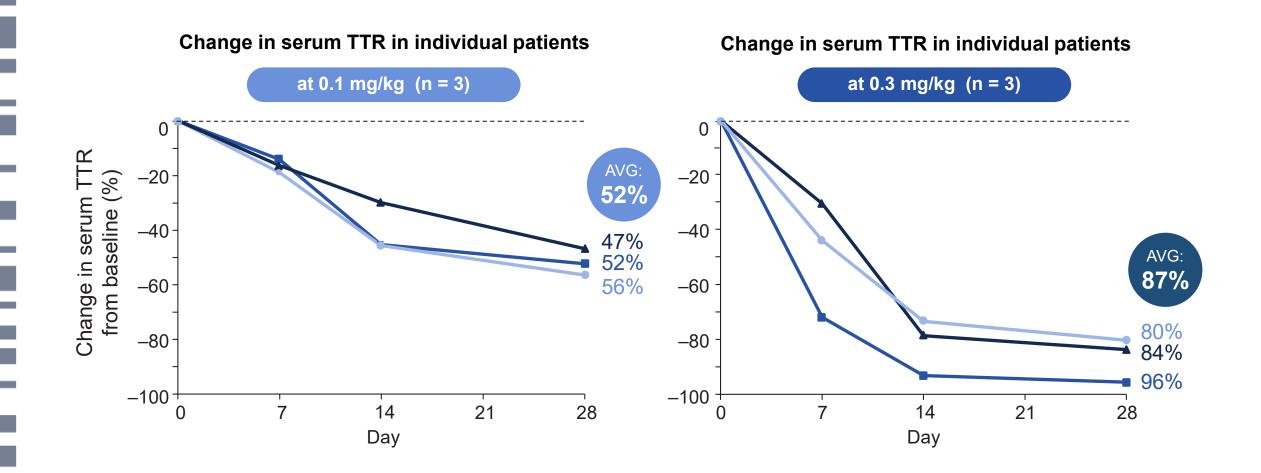
Systemic non-viral delivery of CRISPR/Cas9 provides transient expression and potential safety advantages

Permanent gain of function with targeted gene insertion

Capable of delivering to multiple tissue types for various therapeutic applications



Landmark Clinical Data Show Deep, Dose-Dependent Serum TTR Reduction After Single Dose of NTLA-2001





NTLA-2001 Generally Well Tolerated in Acute Phase (N=6) by Day 28: All AEs Grade 1 with No Serious AEs

Preferred Term	0.1 mg/kg (n = 3)	0.3 mg/kg (n = 3)	
Subjects with at least one TEAE	2	1	
Headache	2		
Diarrhea	1		
Nausea	1		
Infusion-related reaction	1		
Skin abrasion		1	
Vertigo positional	1		
Foreign body sensation in eyes	1		
Catheter site swelling	1		
Acute sinusitis	1		
Thyroxine decreased	1		
Rhinorrhea	1		
Pruritus	1		
Rash	1		

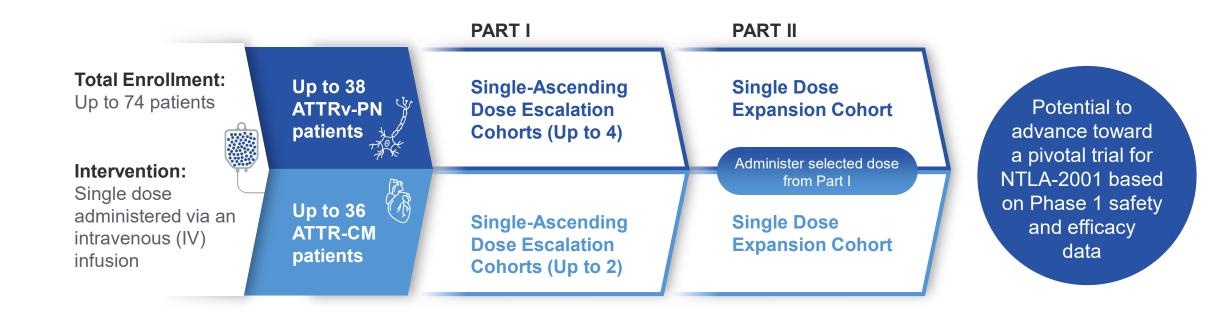
No liver findings or coagulopathy based on laboratory testing



Data disclosed on June 26, 2021 at 2021 Peripheral Nerve Society (PNS) Annual Meeting **AE**: Adverse Event **TEAE:** Treatment-Emergent Adverse Event

10 This slide includes data for investigational products not yet approved by regulatory authorities

Two-part, open-label, multi-center study in adults with hereditary ATTR with polyneuropathy (ATTRv-PN) or ATTR amyloidosis with cardiomyopathy (ATTR-CM)



PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

Evaluate safety, tolerability, PK and PD

Measure serum TTR levels

SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

Evaluate efficacy on clinical measures of:

- Neurologic function in subjects with ATTRv-PN
- Cardiac disease in subjects with ATTR-CM





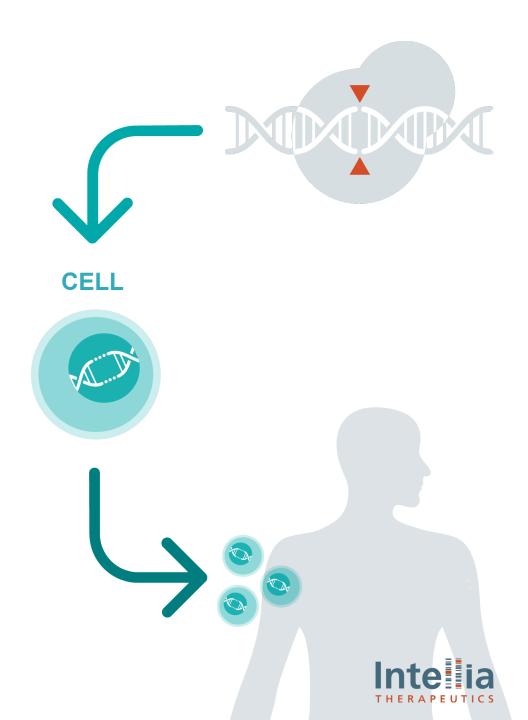
IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY / AUTOIMMUNE DISEASES

Strategic Advantages:

Utilizing proprietary CRISPR engineering platform to create differentiated cell therapies for IO and AI diseases

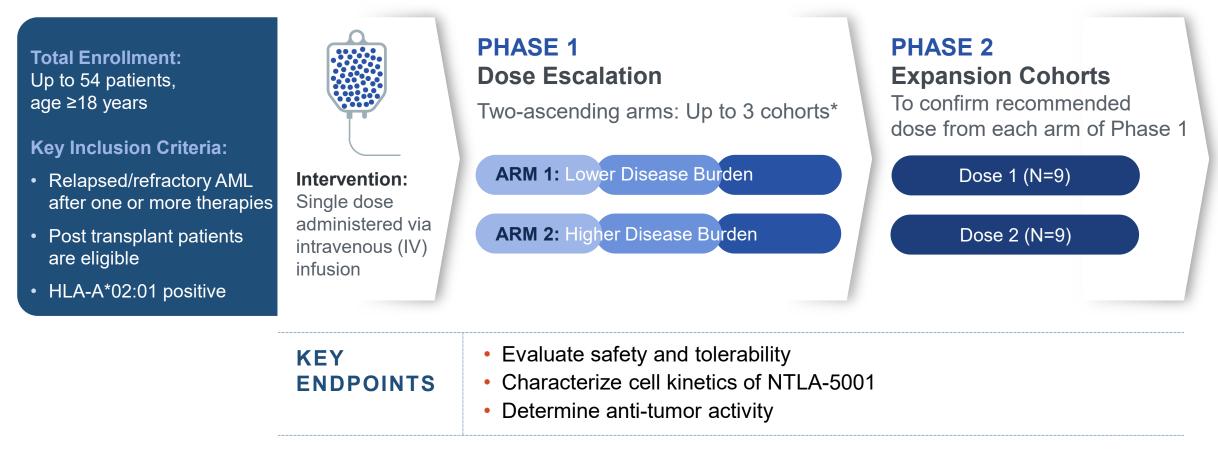
Targeting modalities, such as TCR, with broad potential in multiple indications

Focused on reproducing natural cell physiology for potential improvements to safety and efficacy in immuno-oncology



NTLA-5001 Phase 1/2a Trial Design

Open-label, multi-center study of NTLA-5001, a WT1-directed TCR immunotherapy, in adults with AML



*3-6 subjects per cohort Clinicaltrials.gov ID: NCT05066165

Lower disease burden: Patients with less than 5% AML blasts in bone marrow

13 Higher disease burden: Patients with relapsed/refractory disease with greater than or equal to 5% AML blasts in bone marrow

Differentiated Approach to Cell Therapy Genome Engineering

	Delivery	Lipid Nanoparticle	Electroporation	Electroporation	
Gene	Editing Mode	Sequential	Simultaneous	Simultaneous	
Editing Approach	Knockout (KO)	Cleavase or Base Editor	Cleavase	Base Editor	
	Insertion	CRISPR insertion	Lenti/Retroviruses	Lenti/Retroviruses	
Key	Minimize random DSB?	$\mathbf{\sim}$	×	8	
Questions From	Minimize random insertion?	\checkmark	\mathbf{x}	\mathbf{x}	
Preclinical Data Minii	Minimize genotoxicity risk?	\checkmark	×	\bigotimes	
Intelli	seguential process	s Precise CR KOs & insert		lity cell oduct	

THERA

Development Pipeline Fueled by Robust Research Engine

PROGRAM	APPROACH	Research	IND- Enabling	Early-Stage Clinical	Late-Stage Clinical	PARTNER	
In Vivo: CRISPR is the therapy							
NTLA-2001: Transthyretin Amyloidosis	Knockout					LEAD Intelia*	REGENERON
NTLA-2002: Hereditary Angioedema	Knockout						
NTLA-3001: AATD-Lung Disease	Insertion						
Hemophilia B	Insertion						REGENERON*
Hemophilia A	Insertion						REGENERON
Research Programs	Knockout, Insertion, Consecutive Edits						
Research Programs	Various						REGENERON ** SparingVision
<i>Ex Vivo:</i> CRISPR <u>creates</u> the therapy							
OTQ923 / HIX763: Sickle Cell Disease	HSC					Intelia ***	U NOVARTIS
NTLA-5001: Acute Myeloid Leukemia	WT1-TCR						
Solid Tumors	WT1-TCR						
Allo Undisclosed	Undisclosed						
Other Novartis Programs	CAR-T, HSC, OSC	SC Undisclosed		ပံ novartis			

*Lead development and commercial party **Rights to certain in vivo targets ***Milestones & royalties only

15 AATD: Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Deficiency CAR-T: Chimeric Antigen Receptor T Cells HSC: Hematopoietic Stem Cells OSC: Ocular Stem Cells TCR: T Cell Receptor

Intellia is Leading the Genome Editing Revolution

Transforming lives of people with severe diseases by developing curative genome editing treatments



Leaders of the Field

First company to demonstrate initial safety and efficacy of in vivo genome editing in a clinical study

Unsurpassed **Genome Editing Pipeline**

Full-Spectrum Strategy

Robust R&D engine to develop in vivo and ex vivo therapies for diseases with high unmet need

Setting the Standard

editing

Extensive characterization for potent and highly specific

Applying Novel Tools

Building an array of editing tools and delivery modalities for therapeutic application

World-class **Genome Editing Toolbox**

Inte ia THERAPEUTICS

Modular Solutions

Focused on building differentiated technology with broad applicability that can be applied to future candidates

THERAPEUTICS